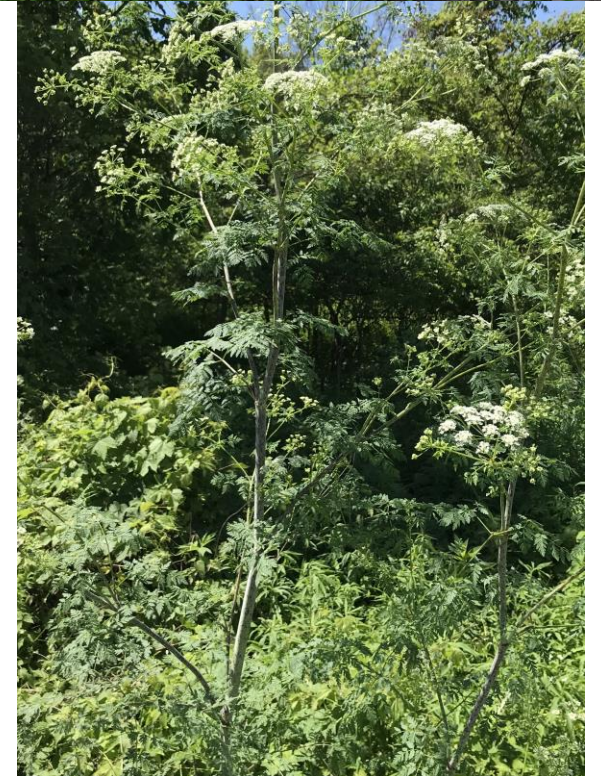
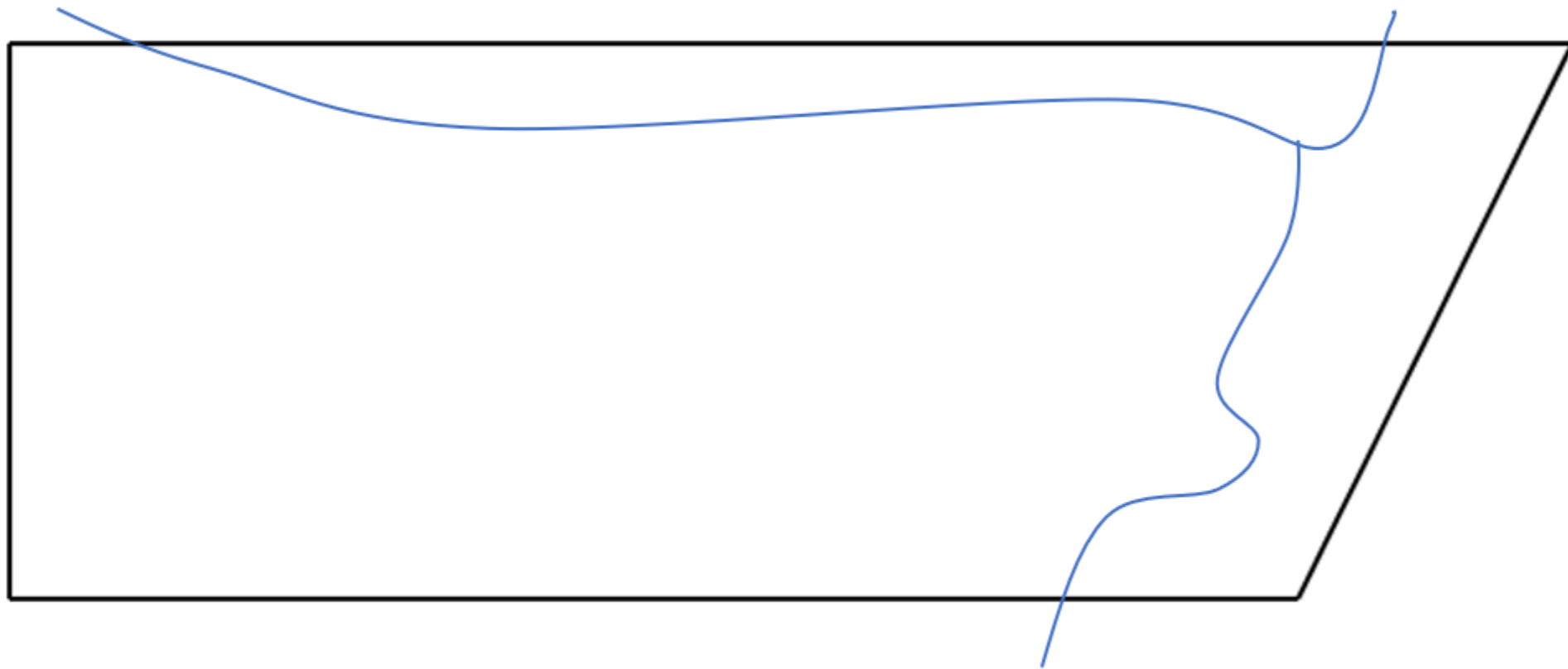
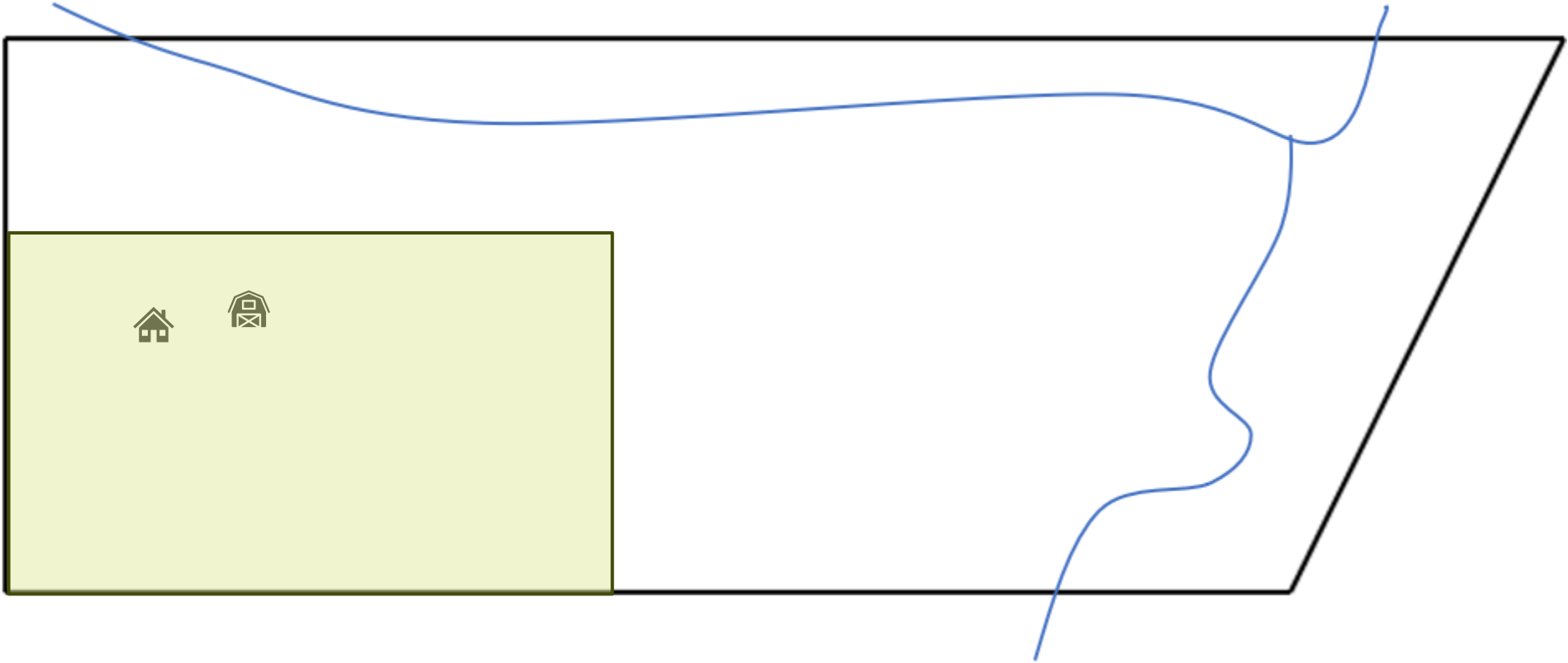
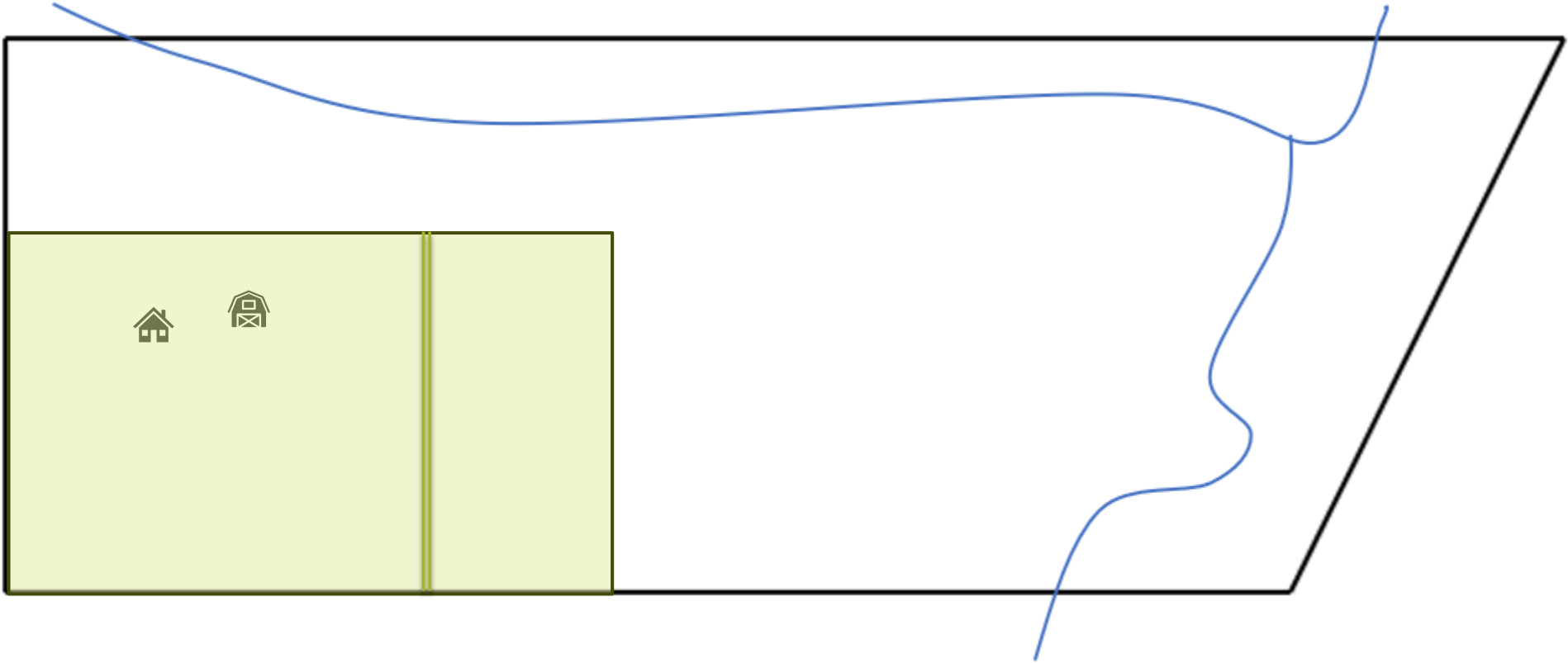


# Invasives

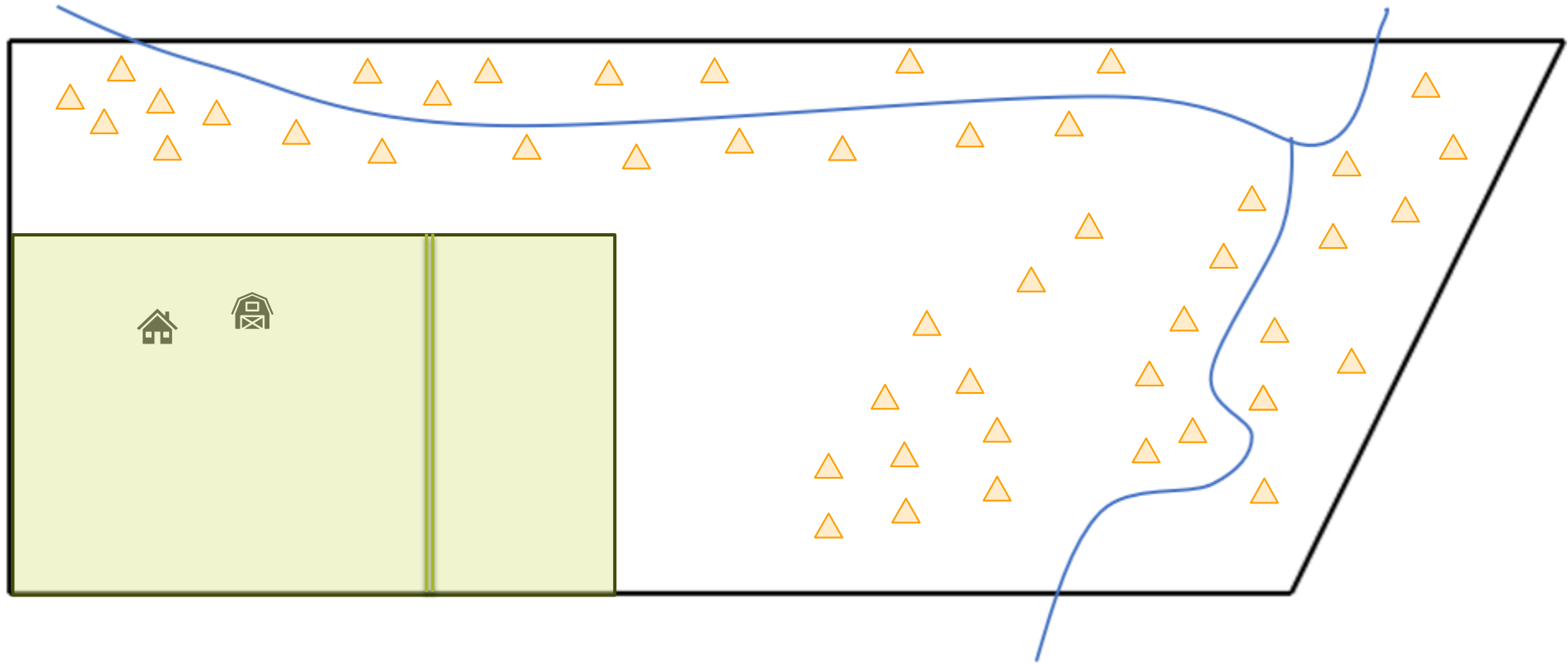




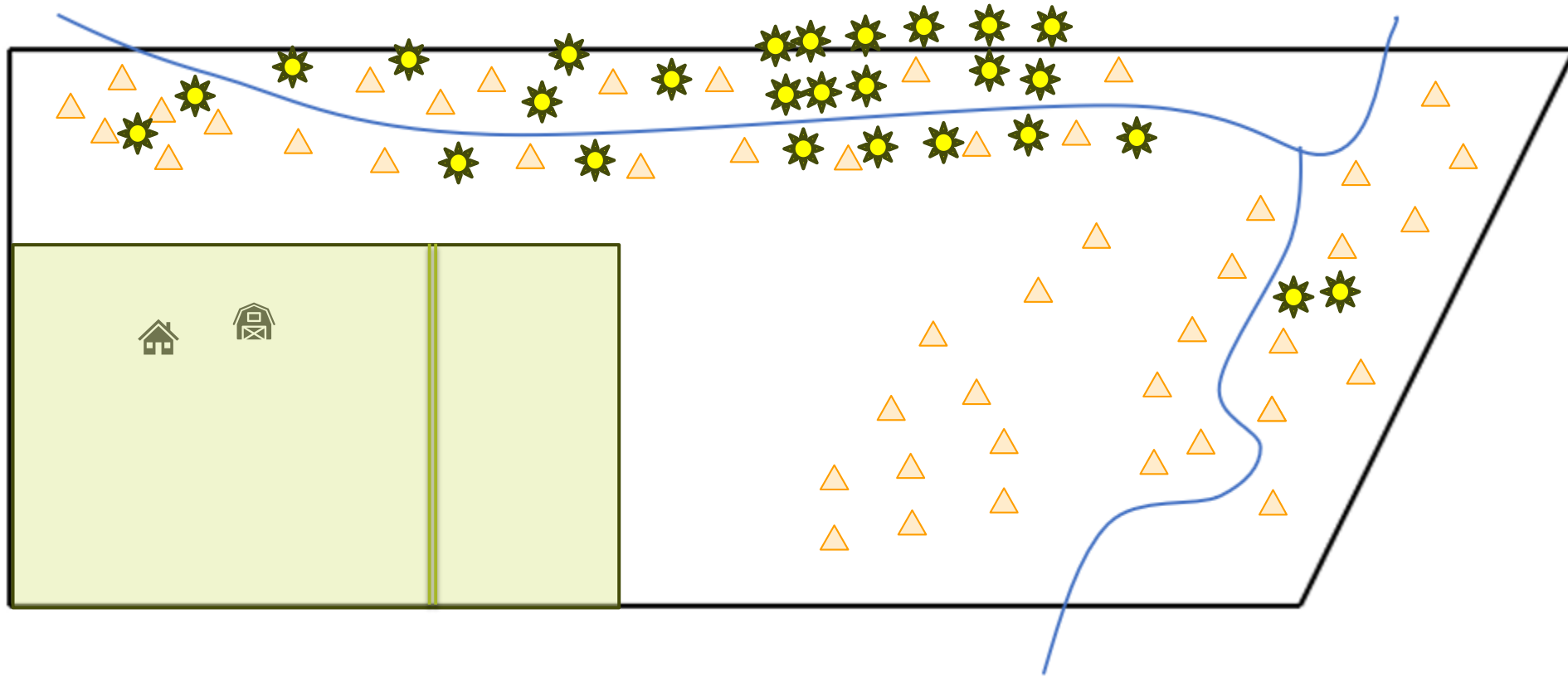




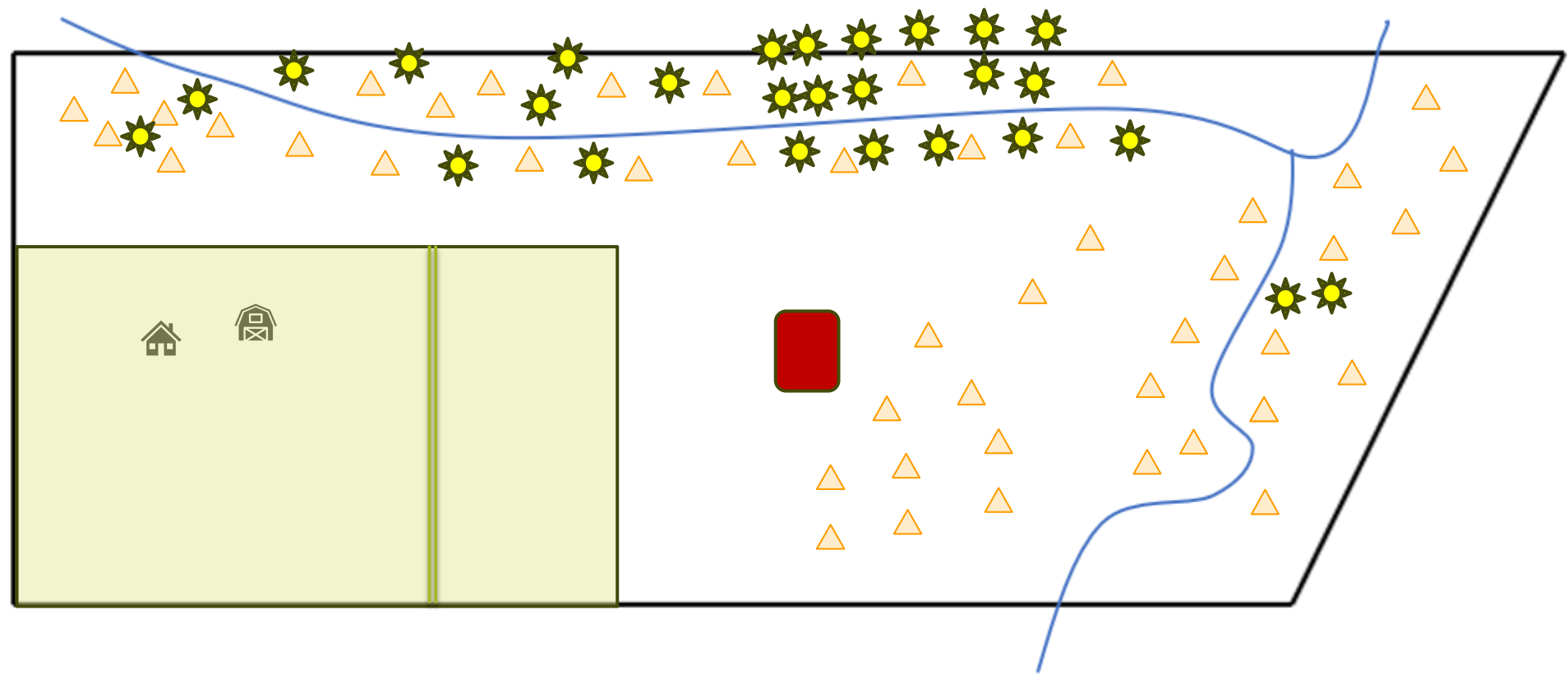
# Amur Honeysuckle (*Lonicera maackii*) ▲



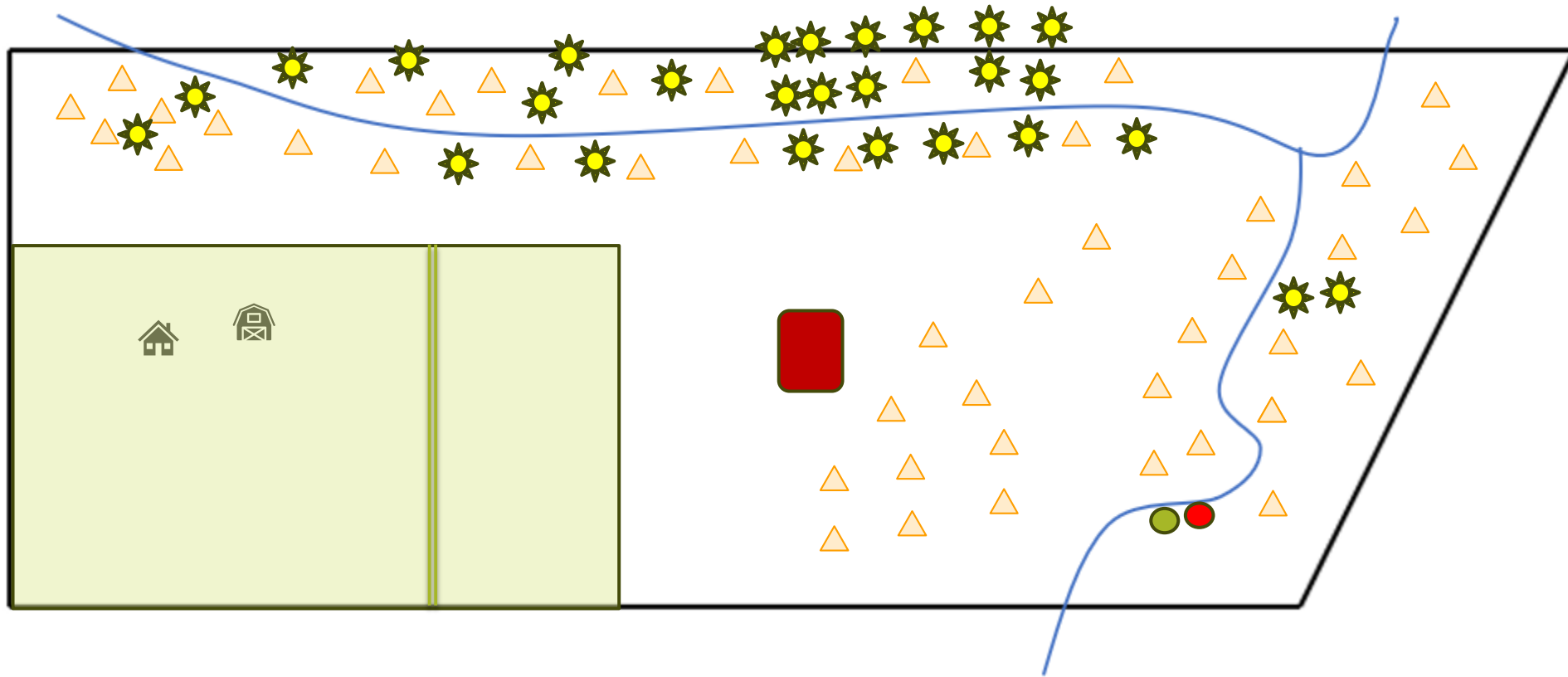
# Lesser Celandine (*Ficaria verna*) 🌻



# Japanese Knotweed (*Fallopia japonica*)

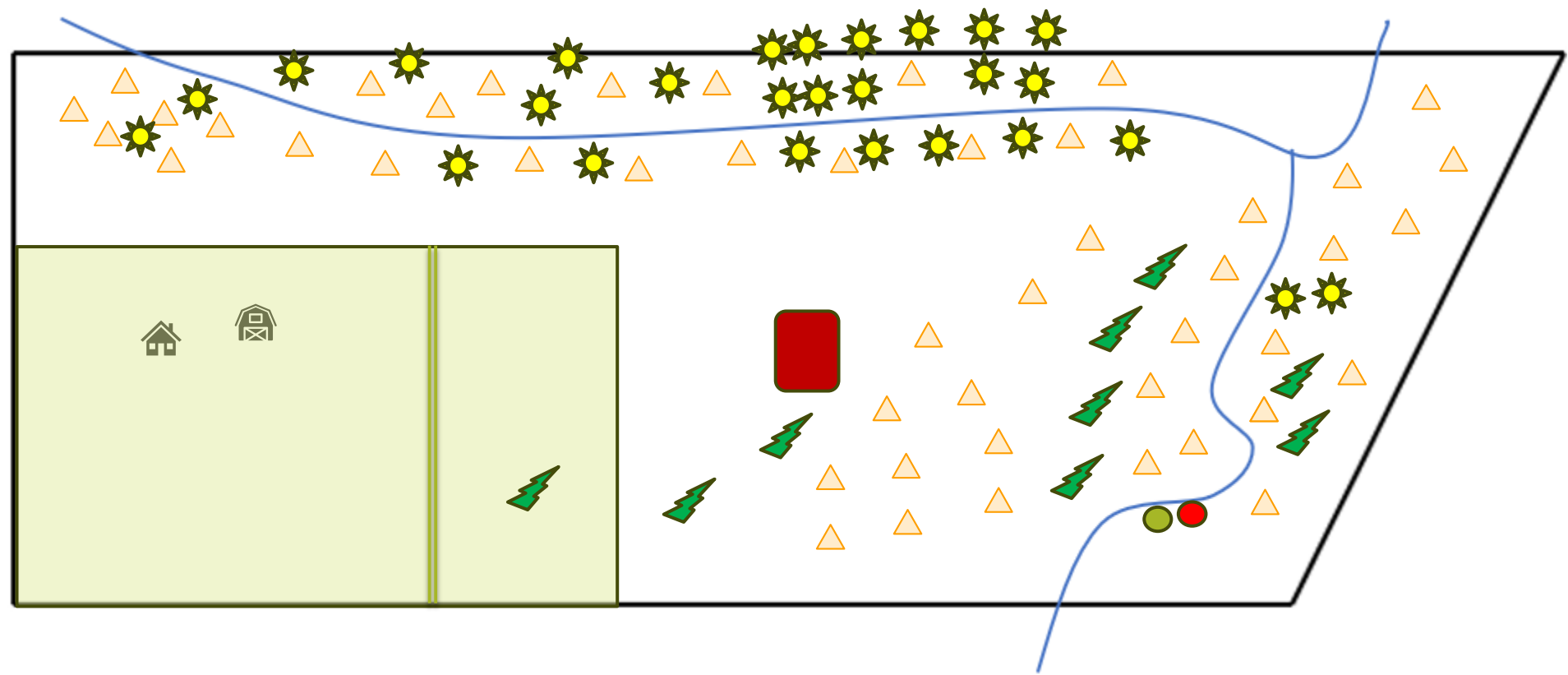


Japanese Barberry (*Berberis thunbergii*) ●  
Autumn Olive (*Elaeagnus umbellata*) ▲

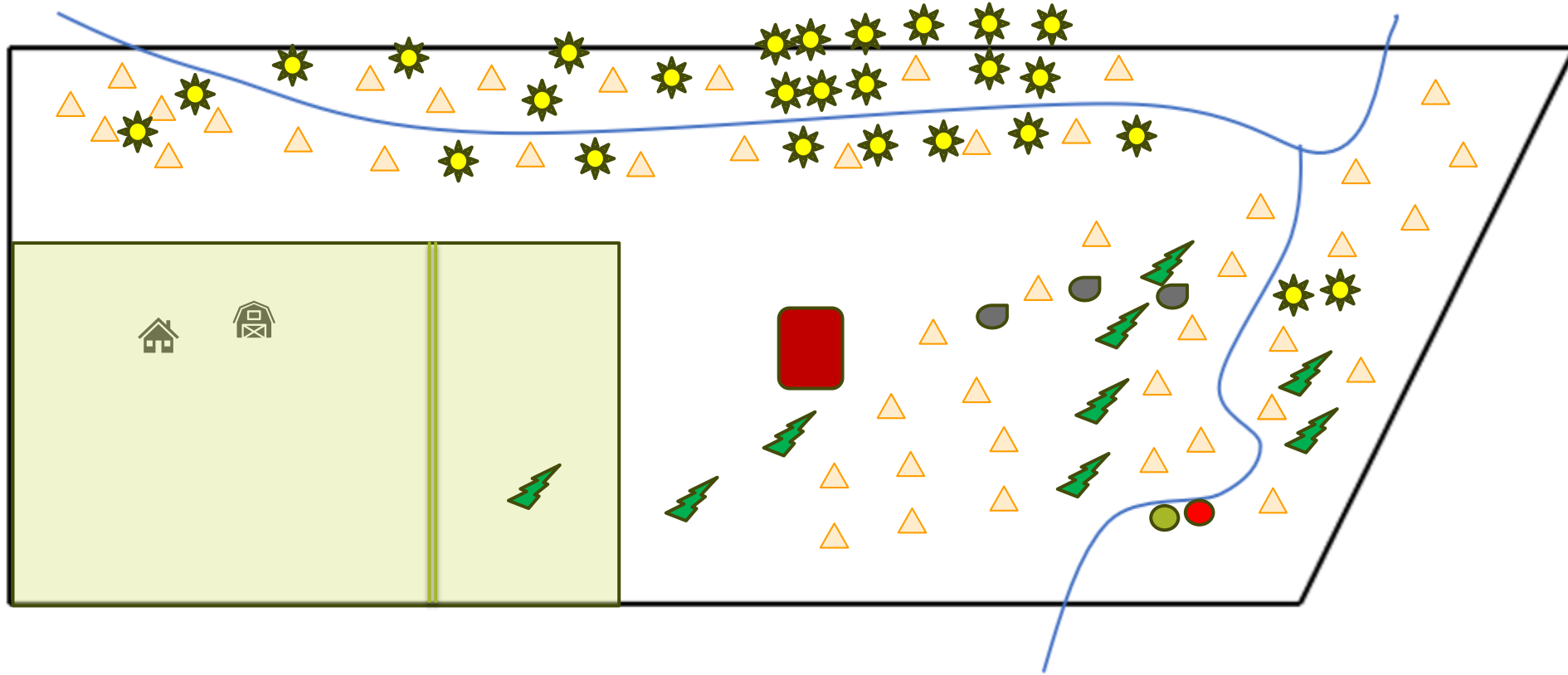




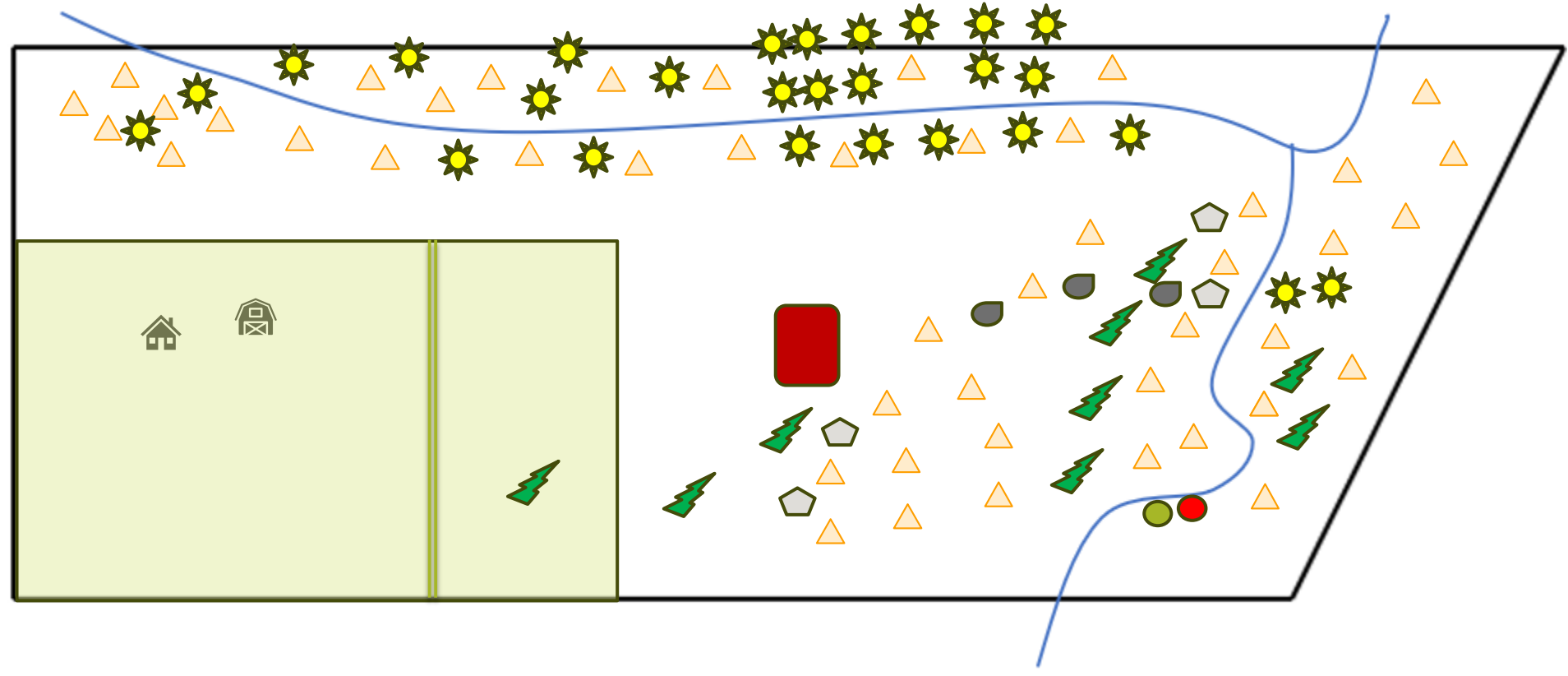
# Japanese Stiltgrass (*Microstegium vimineum*) 🌿



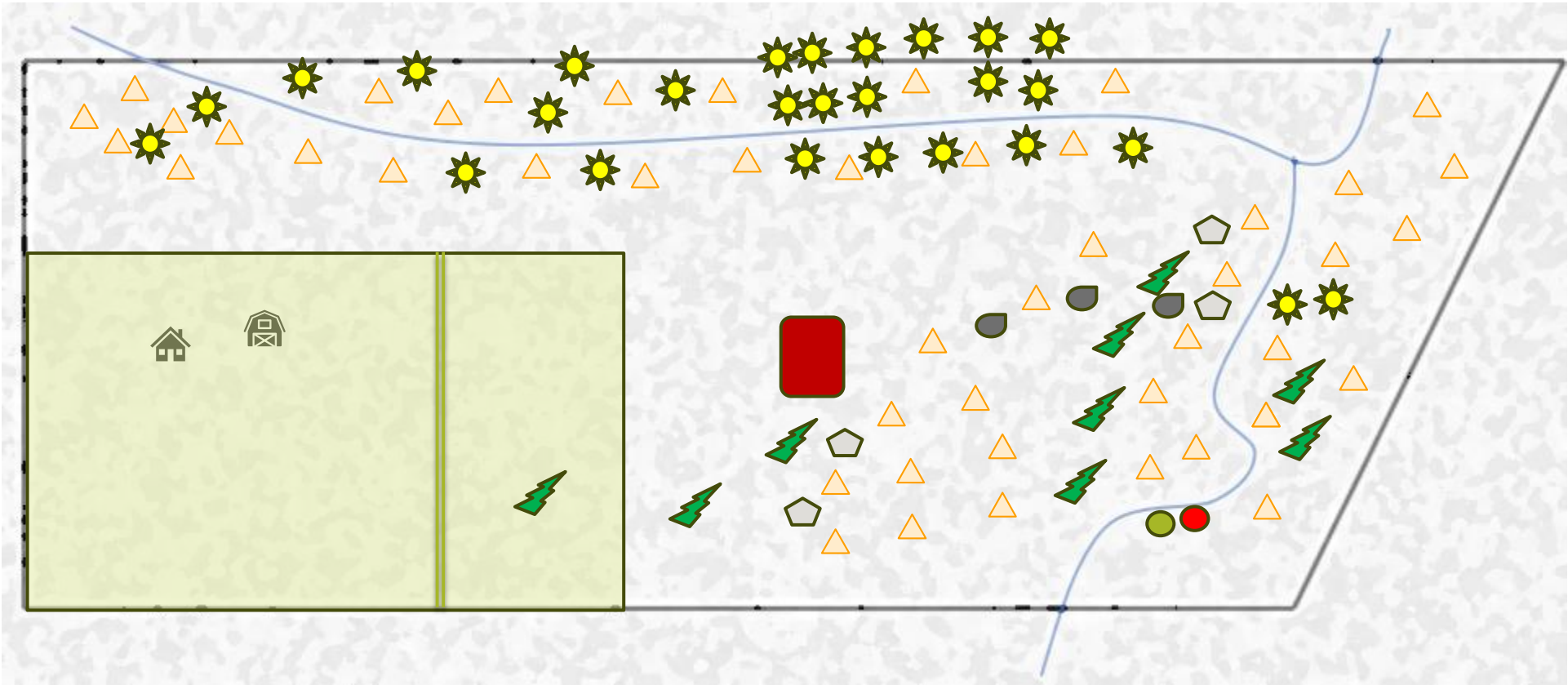
# Common Privet (*Ligustrum vulgare*) ●



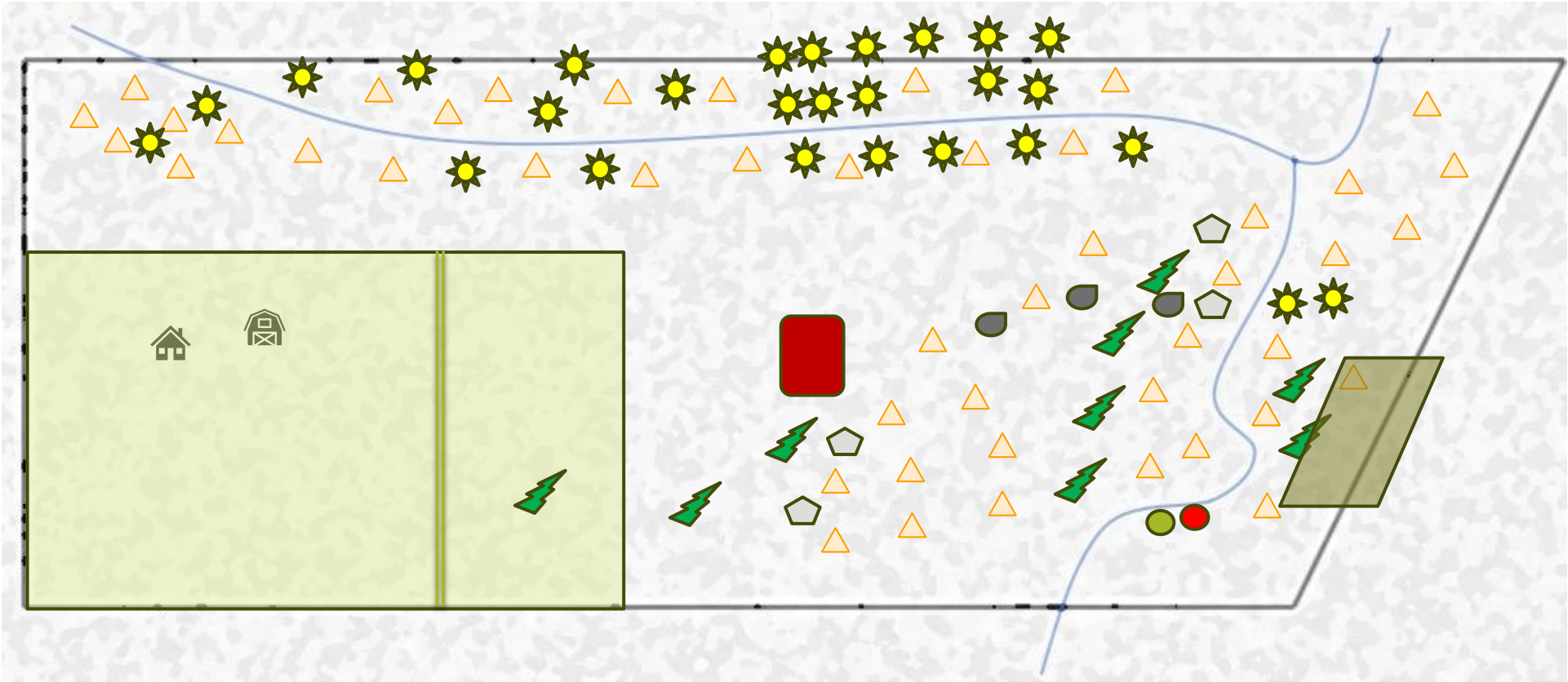
# Multifloral Rose (Rosa multiflora)



Garlic mustard, Japanese honeysuckle, Oriental bittersweet,  
winter creeper, periwinkle



Garlic mustard, Japanese honeysuckle, Oriental bittersweet,  
winter creeper, periwinkle... and English ivy



# Invasive Removal Calendar

January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Amur Honeysuckle - big			Amur Honeysuckle - small						Amur Honeysuckle - big		
		Winter Creeper, English Ivy, Periwinkle, Japanese Honeysuckle							Winter Creeper, English Ivy, Periwinkle, Japanese		
	Lesser Celandine										
			Garlic Mustard								
			Oriental Bittersweet						Oriental Bittersweet		
					Japanese Stiltgrass						

# Invasives – What are they?

A non-native plant that causes environmental, economic or human health harm



# Invasives – Why do they do so well?

- Rapid early growth
- Tolerate many soil and sun/shade conditions
- Spread aggressively
- Controls did not come with them
- Allelopathic – suppress other plants by releasing chemicals
- Native wildlife do not use/eat them



# Invasives – Why get rid of them?

- They outcompete and replace the native plant communities
- ...which reduces the native insects...
- ...which reduces other native wildlife...
- ...which impacts the food chain...
- ...and us.



# Invasives Control

- Mechanical
  - Cutting or mowing
  - Hand-pulling
  - Smother – cover with cardboard/newspaper, plastic sheeting
- Biological
  - Goats
  - Insects/Aphids
  - Disease

# Invasives Control

- Chemical
  - Foliar Spraying
  - Stump Cut
  - Basal bark treatment, girdling, hack & squirt
- Prescribed Fire

# Invasives Control - Tools

- Leather Gloves



- Hand pruners



- Long handled pruners



- Pruning saw



- 6" Battery-powered chainsaw



- Pick axe (cutter mattock)



# Invasives Identification - Trees

Callery Pear



Callery Pears

Joe Boggs, OSU Extension©

Tree-of-Heaven



1560100

Ohio State Weed Lab , The Ohio State University, Bugwood.org

White Mulberry



1550142

John Cardina, The Ohio State University, Bugwood.org

# Invasives Identification - Shrubs

Japanese Barberry

Autumn Olive

Buckthorn

Privet

Burning Bush



Multiflora Rose



Merel R. Black, U. Wisc. - Stevens Point

Amur Honeysuckle



# Invasives Identification – Forbs/Grass

Lesser Celandine



Japanese Stilt Grass



Garlic Mustard



# Invasives Identification – Forbs/Grass

Japanese Knotweed



Photo Credit: Ashley Kulhanek, OSU Ext.

Purple Loosestrife



Dames Rocket



Canada Thistle





# Invasives Identification - Vines

Oriental Bittersweet



English Ivy



Japanese Honeysuckle



Charles T. Bryson, USDA Agricultural Research Service, Bugwood.org

UGA1116051

# Invasives Identification - Vines

Winter Creeper



Porcelain Berry

Mile-a-Minute Vine

Periwinkle or Vinca Minor



# Invasives Sources

- **Ohio Department of Agriculture Invasive Plants**
- <https://agri.ohio.gov/divisions/plant-health/invasive-pests/invasive-and-noxious-plants/invasive-plants>
- Has the current list of Ohio's invasive plants (total = 63 on the list as of February 13, 2023)
- 
- **Ohio Invasive Plants Council**
- <https://www.oipc.info/>
- Has many helpful links
- 
- **Naturally Ohio – Invasive Plants Video on The Ohio Channel**
- <https://www.ohiochannel.org/video/naturally-ohio-invasive-plants>
- Really nice video on invasive species (7.5 minutes)
- 
- **Oak Openings Best Management Practices (Love these information sheets!)**
- Detailed information sheets on invasives including guidelines for mechanical, chemical, and biological treatments, prevention of spread, and specific methods for individual species.
- <https://www.oakopenings.org/resources/professionals/oak-openings-best-management-practices/>

# What's Next? Coming in the August meeting.

Once I get rid of the invasives... What do I replace them with?



# Invasives

